Midterm Study Guide

Midterm Time and Place:

- Thursday, March 10, 1:10 2:25pm
- Sinclair Auditorium (our usual room)

Format:

The test will be held in class. You can expect the following types of questions: true/false, short answer, and smaller versions of homework problems. It will be closed book and closed notes. However, you may bring one 8 ½ x 11" "cheat sheet" with handwritten notes on one-side only. Also, all calculators, PDAs, portable audio players (e.g., iPods) and cell phones must be put away for the duration of the test.

Coverage:

In general, anything from the assigned reading or lecture could be on the test. In order to help you focus, I have provided a **partial list** of topics that you should know below. In some cases, I have explicitly listed topics that you do not need to know. In addition, you do not need to reproduce the pseudo-code for any algorithm, but you should be able to apply the principles of the major algorithms to a problem as we have done in class and on the homework.

- Ch. 1 Introduction
 - o rationality
 - o definitions of "artificial intelligence"
 - The Turing Test
 - o you do not need to know:
 - dates and history
- Ch. 2 Agents
 - o PEAS descriptions
 - performance measure, environment, actuators, sensors
 - o properties of task environments
 - fully observable vs. partially observable, deterministic vs. stochastic vs. strategic, episodic vs. sequential, static vs. dynamic, discrete vs. continuous, single agent vs. multiagent, known vs. unknown
 - o agent architectures
 - simple reflex agents, goal-based agents, utility-based agents
 - o state representations
 - atomic, factored, structured
 - you do not need to know:
 - learning agents
- Ch. 3 Search
 - o problem description
 - initial state, actions, transition model, goal test, path cost/step cost
 - o tree search
 - expanding nodes, frontier
 - branching factor
 - graph search
 - explored set
 - o uninformed search strategies
 - breadth-first, depth-first, uniform cost
 - similarities and differences / benefits and tradeoffs between strategies
 - evaluation criteria
 - completeness, optimality, time complexity, space complexity

- best first search
 - evaluation function
- o informed search
 - heuristics
 - greedy best-first, A*
 - admissible heuristics
 - similarities and differences / benefits and tradeoffs between strategies
- o you do not need to know:
 - depth-limited, iterative deepening or bidirectional search
 - details of proof that A^* is optimal if h(n) is admissible
 - memory bounded heuristic search
 - learning heuristics from experience
- Ch. 5 Game playing (Sect. 5.1-5.2, 5.4, 5.7-5.9)
 - o two-player zero-sum games
 - o problem description
 - initial state, actions, transition model, terminal test, utility function
 - o minimax algorithm
 - o optimal decision vs. imperfect real-time decisions
 - o evaluation function, cutoff-test
 - o you do not need to know:
 - alpha-beta pruning
 - forward pruning
 - details of any state-of-the-art game playing programs
- Ch. 7 Logical Agents (Sect. 7.1-7.4, 7.5.3-7.5.4, 7.7-7.8)
 - o knowledge-based agents
 - TELL, ASK
 - propositional logic
 - syntax and semantics
 - o entailment, models, truth tables
 - model checking
 - inference procedures
 - forward-chaining
 - backward-chaining
 - sound, complete
 - vou do not need to know:
 - details of the Wumpus world
 - circuit-based agents
- Ch. 8 First-Order Logic
 - syntax and semantics
 - be able to translate English sentences into logic sentences
 - quantification
 - existential, universal
 - o domain, model, interpretation
 - o equality/inequality
 - making statements about quantity (e.g., exactly two brothers)
 - o vou do not need to know:
 - specific axioms from the domains given in class or the book

- "Intro to Prolog Programming" Reading, Ch. 1
 - o syntax
 - be able to write rules and facts in Prolog translating to FOL and vice versa
 - o you do not need to know:
 - negation as failure / closed world assumption
 - backward-chaining, depth-first search